

ENX QUAD 24

Product Information



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ENX 10 QUAD 24V - Product Information



Figure 1 ENX 10 QUAD

The maxon QUAD encoder uses two standard Hall sensors to generate incremental quadrature output signals. They possess two channels (A, B) with single ended signals. The resolution is 1 impulse per turn. With quadrature encoding, 4 states per turn are available for detection of speed, direction, and position.

Size and dimensions are compatible with other \emptyset 10 mm ENX encoders. The circuitry provides reverse polarity protection for the supply voltage and ESD protection network. Low-pass output filter for channel A and B signals reduce transition time to a useful level while generating least electromagnetic emissions. Connection is by a 4-wire, 1.27 mm flat ribbon cable with 6 or 10 pole insulation displacement connector as to EN 60603-13/DIN 41651.



Note

The listed data are for informational purposes only. None of the stated values or information may be used as an indicator of guaranteed performance.



1 TECHNICAL DATA

1.1 Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage (V _{CC})	voltage (V _{CC}) Polarity protection by diode		32	V
Supply current (I _{CC})	Control value without external load resistors	0	50	mA
Signal output current (I _{signal})	Output A and B	0	48	mA
ESD voltage (V _{esd}), all pins			>2	kV
Operation temperature (T _{amb})		-40	+100	°C
Storage temperature (T _{store})		-40	+105	°C
Humidity	Condensation not permitted	20	80	%rH

1.2 Electrical Data

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage (V _{CC})	Typical values only	3	5	24	V
Supply current (I _{CC})	Load at outputs >10 kΩ	3	4	8	mA
HIGH Level Output Current (I _{OH})	V _{CC} - V _{OH} < 0.5 V			50	μΑ
LOW Level Output Current (I _{OL})		-24			mA
HIGH Level Output Voltage (V _{OH})	I _{OH} = 50 μA	V _{CC} - 0.5			V
LOW Level Output Voltage (V _{OL})	I _{OL} < 24 mA			0.6	V
Rise time LOW to HIGH (t _{LH}), Level Output 1090%	$R_{\text{pull-down}}$ = 1 MΩ, C_{L} ≤ 100 pF, $R_{\text{pull-up}}$ = ∞		25		μs
Fall time HIGH to LOW (t _{HL}), Level Output 1090%	$R_{\text{pull-down}} = 1 \text{ M}\Omega,$ $C_{\text{L}} \le 100 \text{ pF}, R_{\text{pull-up}} = \infty$		0.5	1	μs

1.3 Angle Measurement

→ "Definitions" on page 6

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Number of channels		2		_	
Pulse frequency (f _{pulse})	Maximum output pulse frequency			>5	kHz
Resolution (N)	Impulses per turn		1		cpt
State length (L _{state})	n=5000 rpm, T=25°C	45	90	135	°el
Integral Nonlinearity (INL)	Maximum average angle error over one turn		5	45	°m
Differential Nonlinearity (DNL)	Maximum average state length error over one turn		0.1	1	LSB
Repeatability (Jitter) n=5000 rpm, T=25°C			0.25	2	°m



1.4 Mechanical Data

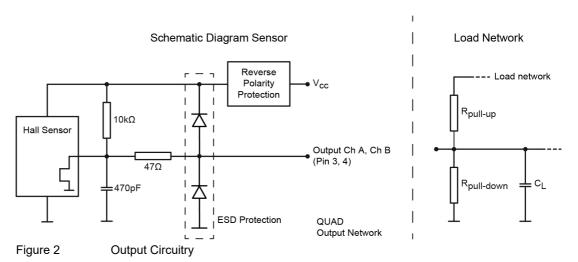
Parameter	Conditions	Value	Unit
Dimensions (D x L)	without flange (→Figure 3)	Ø10.0 x 9.0	mm
Moment of inertia (Jt)	Motor shaft Ø16 mm	0.010.09	g cm ²
Standard cable length (Lc)		150	mm

Table 1 Technical Data

1.5 Diagram

The diagram shows the output circuitry of both channels (Ch A, Ch B).

At the load network, $R_{pull-up}$ must limit the current into pin 3/4 to 24 mA. $R_{pull-down}$ must be large with respect to the internal 10 $k\Omega$ pull-up resistor. Generally, either a high-impedance network (CMOS input or similar) or an external pull-up resistor is suggested.



1.6 Dimensional Drawing

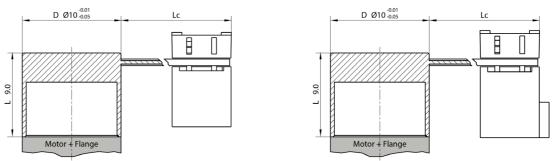


Figure 3 Dimensional Drawing [mm] – ENX 10 QUAD with 6pole IDC Connector (left) / with 10pole IDC Connector (right)



2 **DEFINITIONS**

Metric	Definition	Illustration
Angle Error [°m]	Difference of measured and true angular shaft position at each position.	360° ↑ Measured angle φ' [°m]
Average Angle Error [°m]	Average of Angle Error over a number of turns.	Ideal: φ' = φ
Integral Nonlinearity (INL) [°m]	Peak-to-peak value of Average Angle Error.	True: φ' ≠ φ 360° True angle φ [°m]
Jitter (Repeatability) [°m] or [LSB]	Six standard deviations of Angle Error per turn (over one turn, at a given number of turns). Jitter [°m] is typically independent of resolution and defines the maximum useful positioning repeatability. Jitter [LSB] is resolution-dependent. At given Jitter [°m], the value is roughly proportional to resolution.	Angle error ε [°m] 960° True angle φ [°m] Mean value (100 turns) Not repeatable (100 turns) 360°
		-0.5° † True angle φ [°m]
Least Significant Bit (LSB)	Minimum measurable difference between two angle values at given resolution (= quadcount, = State).	Measured discrete angle φ' [°m] State error δ [LSB]
State Error [LSB]	Difference between actual state length and average state length.	V Nominal state: 1 LSB (qc)
Average State Error [LSB]	Average of State Error over a number of turns for each state of a turn.	360° True angle φ [°m]
Differential Nonlinearity [DNL]	Maximum positive or negative Average State Error.	O.5 State error δ [LSB] DNL [LSB] True angle φ [°m] Mean value (100 turns)
		Non repeatable (100 turns) 360° True angle φ [°m]
Minimum State Length [°el]	Minimum measured state length within a number of turns relative to pulse length.	, <u> </u>
Maximum State Length [°el]	Maximum measured state length within a number of turns relative to pulse length.	A Time
Minimum State Duration [ns]	By chip limited minimum time separation between two A/B transitions. Note: Not applicable to ENX 10 QUAD.	B Time
		Noning State Assiming State

Table 2 Definitions



3 TYPICAL MEASUREMENT RESULTS

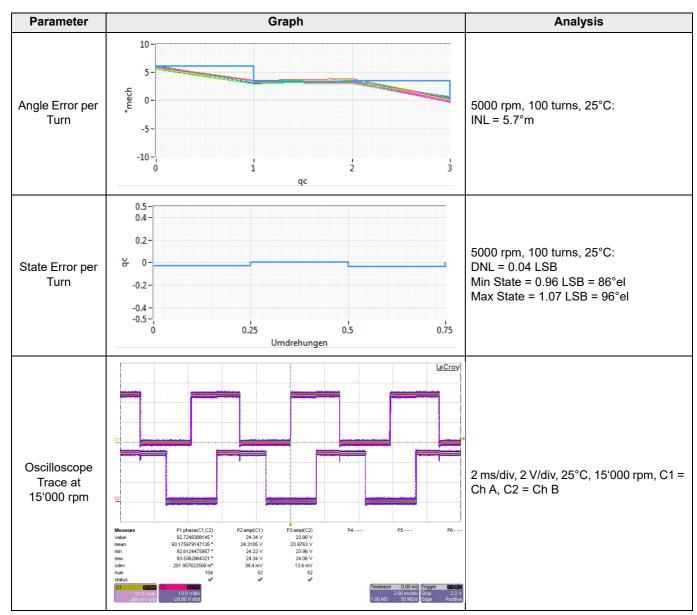


Table 3 Typical Measurement Results



4 PIN ASSIGNMENT



Maximum permitted Supply Voltage

- Make sure that supply power is within stated range.
- · Supply voltages exceeding the stated range will destroy the unit.
- Connect the unit only when supply voltage is switched off (V_{cc}=0).



Figure 4

Cable Plug 6pole

Pin	Signal	Description
1	-	not connected
2	V _{CC}	Power supply voltage
3	Ch A	Channel A
4	Ch B	Channel B
5	GND	Ground
6	-	not connected

Table 4 Cable Plug 6pole – Pin Assignment

Specifications		
Connector	IDC socket, pitch 2.54 mm, 3 x 2 poles	
Mating plug Pin header, pitch 2.54 mm, 3 x 2 poles (EN 60603-13/DIN 41651)		

Table 5 Cable Plug 6pole – Specifications



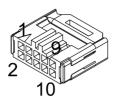


Figure 5 Cable Plug 10pole

Pin	Signal	Description
1	-	not connected
2	V _{CC}	Power supply voltage
3	Ch A	Channel A
4	Ch B	Channel B
5	GND	Ground
6	-	not connected
7	-	not connected
8	-	not connected
9	-	not connected
10	-	not connected

Table 6 Cable Plug 10pole – Pin Assignment

Specifications		
Connector	IDC socket, pitch 2.54 mm, 5 x 2 poles	
Mating plug Pin header, pitch 2.54 mm, 5 x 2 poles (EN 60603-13/DIN 41651)		

Table 7 Cable Plug 10pole – Specifications



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